## CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

#### ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 2693

Chapter 177, Laws of 2004

58th Legislature 2004 Regular Session

TIMBER TAX--PUBLIC LANDS

EFFECTIVE DATE: 1/1/05

Passed by the House February 17, 2004 Yeas 93 Nays 0

FRANK CHOPP

Speaker of the House of Representatives

Passed by the Senate March 10, 2004 Yeas 49 Nays 0

BRAD OWEN

### President of the Senate

Approved March 26, 2004.

CERTIFICATE

I, Richard Nafziger, Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives of the State of Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is **ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL** 2693 as passed by the House of Representatives and the Senate on the dates hereon set forth.

RICHARD NAFZIGER

Chief Clerk

FILED

March 26, 2004 - 4:36 p.m.

GARY F. LOCKE

Governor of the State of Washington

Secretary of State State of Washington

### ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 2693

Passed Legislature - 2004 Regular Session

# State of Washington 58th Legislature 2004 Regular Session

**By** House Committee on Finance (originally sponsored by Representatives Hinkle, McIntire, Cairnes, Fromhold and Holmquist)

READ FIRST TIME 02/06/04.

AN ACT Relating to the taxation of timber on publicly owned land; amending RCW 84.33.035, 84.33.051, 84.33.040, 84.33.078, and 79.15.100; adding a new section to chapter 84.33 RCW; creating a new section; and providing an effective date.

5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

6 **Sec. 1.** RCW 84.33.035 and 2003 c 313 s 12 are each amended to read 7 as follows:

8 Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in 9 this section apply throughout this chapter.

10 (1) "Agricultural methods" means the cultivation of trees that are 11 grown on land prepared by intensive cultivation and tilling, such as 12 irrigating, plowing, or turning over the soil, and on which all 13 unwanted plant growth is controlled continuously for the exclusive 14 purpose of raising trees such as Christmas trees and short-rotation 15 hardwoods.

(2) "Average rate of inflation" means the annual rate of inflation
as determined by the department averaged over the period of time as
provided in RCW 84.33.220 (1) and (2). This rate shall be published in

the state register by the department not later than January 1st of each
 year for use in that assessment year.

3 (3) "Composite property tax rate" for a county means the total 4 amount of property taxes levied upon forest lands by all taxing 5 districts in the county other than the state, divided by the total 6 assessed value of all forest land in the county.

7 (4) "Forest land" is synonymous with "designated forest land" and means any parcel of land that is twenty or more acres or multiple 8 parcels of land that are contiguous and total twenty or more acres that 9 is or are devoted primarily to growing and harvesting timber. 10 Designated forest land means the land only and does not include a 11 residential homesite. The term includes land used for incidental uses 12 that are compatible with the growing and harvesting of timber but no 13 more than ten percent of the land may be used for such incidental uses. 14 It also includes the land on which appurtenances necessary for the 15 16 production, preparation, or sale of the timber products exist in 17 conjunction with land producing these products.

18 (5) "Harvested" means the time when in the ordinary course of 19 business the quantity of timber by species is first definitely 20 determined. The amount harvested shall be determined by the Scribner 21 Decimal C Scale or other prevalent measuring practice adjusted to 22 arrive at substantially equivalent measurements, as approved by the 23 department.

24 (6) "Harvester" means every person who from the person's own land 25 or from the land of another under a right or license granted by lease or contract, either directly or by contracting with others for the 26 27 necessary labor or mechanical services, fells, cuts, or takes timber for sale or for commercial or industrial use. When the United States 28 or any instrumentality thereof, the state, including its departments 29 institutions and political subdivisions, or any municipal 30 and corporation therein so fells, cuts, or takes timber for sale or for 31 32 commercial or industrial use, the harvester is the first person other than the United States or any instrumentality thereof, the state, 33 including its departments and institutions and political subdivisions, 34 or any municipal corporation therein, who acquires title to or a 35 possessory interest in the timber. The term "harvester" does not 36 37 include persons performing under contract the necessary labor or 38 mechanical services for a harvester.

p. 2

1 (7) "Harvesting and marketing costs" means only those costs 2 directly associated with harvesting the timber from the land and 3 delivering it to the buyer and may include the costs of disposing of 4 logging residues. Any other costs that are not directly and 5 exclusively related to harvesting and marketing of the timber, such as 6 costs of permanent roads or costs of reforesting the land following 7 harvest, are not harvesting and marketing costs.

8 (8) "Incidental use" means a use of designated forest land that is 9 compatible with its purpose for growing and harvesting timber. An 10 incidental use may include a gravel pit, a shed or land used to store 11 machinery or equipment used in conjunction with the timber enterprise, 12 and any other use that does not interfere with or indicate that the 13 forest land is no longer primarily being used to grow and harvest 14 timber.

(9) "Local government" means any city, town, county, water-sewer district, public utility district, port district, irrigation district, flood control district, or any other municipal corporation, quasimunicipal corporation, or other political subdivision authorized to levy special benefit assessments for sanitary or storm sewerage systems, domestic water supply or distribution systems, or road construction or improvement purposes.

(10) "Local improvement district" means any local improvement district, utility local improvement district, local utility district, road improvement district, or any similar unit created by a local government for the purpose of levying special benefit assessments against property specially benefited by improvements relating to the districts.

(11) "Owner" means the party or parties having the fee interest in land, except where land is subject to a real estate contract "owner" means the contract vendee.

31 (12) "Primarily" or "primary use" means the existing use of the 32 land is so prevalent that when the characteristic use of the land is 33 evaluated any other use appears to be conflicting or nonrelated.

(13) "Short-rotation hardwoods" means hardwood trees, such as but
 not limited to hybrid cottonwoods, cultivated by agricultural methods
 in growing cycles shorter than fifteen years.

(14) "Small harvester" means every person who from his or her ownland or from the land of another under a right or license granted by

p. 3

lease or contract, either directly or by contracting with others for 1 the necessary labor or mechanical services, fells, cuts, or takes 2 timber for sale or for commercial or industrial use in an amount not 3 exceeding two million board feet in a calendar year. When the United 4 5 States or any instrumentality thereof, the state, including its departments and institutions and political subdivisions, or any 6 7 municipal corporation therein so fells, cuts, or takes timber for sale or for commercial or industrial use, not exceeding these amounts, the 8 small harvester is the first person other than the United States or any 9 10 instrumentality thereof, the state, including its departments and institutions and political subdivisions, or any municipal corporation 11 12 therein, who acquires title to or a possessory interest in the timber. 13 Small harvester does not include persons performing under contract the 14 necessary labor or mechanical services for a harvester, and it does not include the harvesters of Christmas trees or short-rotation hardwoods. 15 (15) "Special benefit assessments" means special assessments levied 16 17 or capable of being levied in any local improvement district or otherwise levied or capable of being levied by a local government to 18 pay for all or part of the costs of a local improvement and which may 19 20 be levied only for the special benefits to be realized by property by 21 reason of that local improvement.

22 (16) "Stumpage value of timber" means the appropriate stumpage value shown on tables prepared by the department under RCW 84.33.091, 23 24 provided that for timber harvested from public land and sold under a 25 competitive bidding process, stumpage value shall mean the actual amount paid to the seller in cash or other consideration. The stumpage 26 27 value of timber from public land does not include harvesting and marketing costs if the timber from public land is harvested by, or 28 under contract for, the United States or any instrumentality of the 29 United States, the state, including its departments and institutions 30 31 and political subdivisions, or any municipal corporation therein. 32 Whenever payment for the stumpage includes considerations other than cash, the value shall be the fair market value of the other 33 consideration. If the other consideration is permanent roads, the 34 35 value of the roads shall be the appraised value as appraised by the 36 seller.

37 (17) "Timber" means forest trees, standing or down, on privately or

publicly owned land, and except as provided in RCW 84.33.170 includes
 Christmas trees and short-rotation hardwoods.

(18) "Timber assessed value" for a county means ((a value, 3 calculated by the department before October 1st of each year, equal 4 5 to)) the sum of: (a) The total stumpage value of timber harvested from publicly owned land in the county multiplied by the public timber б 7 ratio, plus; (b) the total stumpage value of timber harvested from privately owned land in the county ((during the most recent four 8 9 calendar quarters for which the information is available)) multiplied by ((a)) the private timber ratio. The numerator of the public timber 10 ratio is the rate of tax imposed by the county under RCW 84.33.051 on 11 12 public timber harvests for the year of the calculation. The numerator 13 of the private timber ratio is the rate of tax imposed by the county 14 under RCW 84.33.051 on private timber harvests for the year of the calculation. The denominator of the private timber ratio and the 15 public timber ratio is the composite property tax rate for the county 16 17 for taxes due in the year of the calculation, expressed as a percentage of assessed value. The department shall use the stumpage value of 18 timber harvested during the most recent four calendar guarters for 19 which the information is available. The department shall calculate the 20 21 timber assessed value for each county before October 1st of each year.

22 (19) "Timber assessed value" for a taxing district means the timber assessed value for the county multiplied by a ratio. The numerator of 23 24 the ratio is the total assessed value of forest land in the taxing district. The denominator is the total assessed value of forest land 25 in the county. As used in this section, "assessed value of forest 26 27 land" means the assessed value of forest land for taxes due in the year the timber assessed value for the county is calculated plus an 28 additional value for public forest land. The additional value for 29 public forest land is the product of the number of acres of public 30 forest land that are available for timber harvesting determined under 31 section 6 of this act and the average assessed value per acre of 32 private forest land in the county. 33

34 (20) "Timber management plan" means a plan prepared by a trained 35 forester, or any other person with adequate knowledge of timber 36 management practices, concerning the use of the land to grow and 37 harvest timber. Such a plan includes:

38

(a) A legal description of the forest land;

(b) A statement that the forest land is held in contiguous
 ownership of twenty or more acres and is primarily devoted to and used
 to grow and harvest timber;

4 (c) A brief description of the timber on the forest land or, if the 5 timber on the land has been harvested, the owner's plan to restock the 6 land with timber;

7 (d) A statement about whether the forest land is also used to graze8 livestock;

9 (e) A statement about whether the land has been used in compliance 10 with the restocking, forest management, fire protection, insect and 11 disease control, and forest debris provisions of Title 76 RCW; and

(f) If the land has been recently harvested or supports a growth of brush and noncommercial type timber, a description of the owner's plan to restock the forest land within three years.

15 Sec. 2. RCW 84.33.051 and 1984 c 204 s 8 are each amended to read 16 as follows:

(1) The legislative body of any county may impose a tax upon every person engaging in the county in business as a harvester effective October 1, 1984. The tax shall be equal to the stumpage value of timber harvested from privately owned land multiplied by a rate of ((four)) <u>4</u> percent; and equal to the stumpage value of timber harvested from publicly owned land multiplied by the following rates:

23 (a) For timber harvested January 1, 2005, through December 31,
 24 2005, 1.2 percent;

25 (b) For timber harvested January 1, 2006, through December 31, 26 <u>2006, 1.5 percent;</u>

27 (c) For timber harvested January 1, 2007, through December 31, 28 2007, 1.8 percent;

29 (d) For timber harvested January 1, 2008, through December 31, 30 2008, 2.1 percent;

31 (e) For timber harvested January 1, 2009, through December 31, 32 2009, 2.4 percent;

33 (f) For timber harvested January 1, 2010, through December 31, 34 <u>2010, 2.7 percent;</u>

35 (g) For timber harvested January 1, 2011, through December 31, 36 <u>2011, 3.1 percent;</u>

р. б

(h) For timber harvested January 1, 2012, through December 31,
 2012, 3.4 percent;

3 <u>(i) For timber harvested January 1, 2013, through December 31,</u> 4 <u>2013, 3.7 percent;</u>

5 (j) For timber harvested January 1, 2014, and thereafter, 4.0 6 percent.

7 (2) Before the effective date of any ordinance imposing a tax under this section, the county shall contract with the department of revenue 8 for administration and collection of the tax. The tax collected by the 9 10 department of revenue under this section shall be deposited by the department in the timber tax distribution account. 11 Moneys in the account may be spent only for distributions to counties under RCW 12 84.33.081 and, after appropriation by the legislature, for the 13 14 activities undertaken by the department of revenue relating to the collection and administration of the taxes imposed under this section 15 16 and RCW 84.33.041. Appropriations are not required for distributions to counties under RCW 84.33.081. 17

18 Sec. 3. RCW 84.33.040 and 1984 c 204 s 18 are each amended to read 19 as follows:

20 Timber ((on privately owned land or federally owned land shall be))
21 is exempt from ad valorem taxation.

22 Sec. 4. RCW 84.33.078 and 2003 c 313 s 11 are each amended to read 23 as follows:

24 ((When any timber standing on public land, other than federally 25 owned land, is sold separate from the land, the department of natural resources or other governmental unit, as appropriate, shall state in 26 its notice of the sale or prospectus that timber sold separate from the 27 land is subject to property tax and that the amount of the tax paid may 28 29 be used as a credit against any tax imposed with respect to business of 30 harvesting timber from publicly owned land under RCW 84.33.041.)) Ιf the timber from public land is harvested by the state, its departments 31 institutions and political subdivisions, or any municipal 32 and corporation therein, the governmental unit, or governmental units, that 33 34 harvest or market the timber must provide the harvester purchasing the 35 timber with its harvesting and marketing costs as defined in RCW 36 84.33.035(7).

1 **Sec. 5.** RCW 79.15.100 and 2003 c 334 s 334 are each amended to 2 read as follows:

3 (1) Valuable materials may be sold separately from the land as a
4 "lump sum sale" or as a "scale sale."

5 (a) "Lump sum sale" means any sale offered with a single total 6 price applying to all the material conveyed.

7 (b) "Scale sale" means any sale offered with per unit prices to be 8 applied to the material conveyed.

(2) Payment for lump sum sales must be made as follows:

(a) Lump sum sales under five thousand dollars appraised valuerequire full payment on the day of sale.

(b) Lump sum sales appraised at over five thousand dollars but under one hundred thousand dollars may require full payment on the day of sale.

(c) Lump sum sales requiring full payment on the day of sale may be paid in cash or by certified check, cashier's check, bank draft, or money order, all payable to the department.

18 (3) Except for sales paid in full on the day of sale or sales with 19 adequate bid bonds, an initial deposit not to exceed twenty-five 20 percent of the actual or projected purchase price shall be made on the 21 day of sale.

(a) Sales with bid bonds are subject to the day of sale payment and
 replacement requirements prescribed by RCW 79.15.110.

(b) The initial deposit must be maintained until all contract obligations of the purchaser are satisfied. However, all or a portion of the initial deposit may be applied as the final payment for the valuable materials in the event the department determines that adequate security exists for the performance or fulfillment of any remaining obligations of the purchaser under the sale contract.

30 (4) Advance payments or other adequate security acceptable to the
31 department is required for valuable materials sold on a scale sale
32 basis or a lump sum sale not requiring full payment on the day of sale.

33 (a) The purchaser must notify the department before any operation34 takes place on the sale site.

35 (b) Upon notification as provided in (a) of this subsection, the 36 department must require advanced payment or may allow purchasers to 37 submit adequate security.

9

p. 8

1 (c) The amount of advanced payments or security must be determined 2 by the department and must at all times equal or exceed the value of 3 timber cut and other valuable materials processed or removed until paid 4 for.

5 (d) Security may be bank letters of credit, payment bonds, 6 assignments of savings accounts, assignments of certificates of 7 deposit, or other methods acceptable to the department as adequate 8 security.

9 (5) All valuable material must be removed from the sale area within 10 the period specified in the contract.

(a) The specified period may not exceed five years from date of purchase except for stone, sand, gravel, fill material, or building stone.

(b) The specified period for stone, sand, gravel, fill material, orbuilding stone may not exceed thirty years.

16 (c) In all cases, any valuable material not removed from the land 17 within the period specified in the contract reverts to the state.

18 (6) The department may extend a contract beyond the normal 19 termination date specified in the sale contract as the time for removal 20 of valuable materials when, in the department's judgment, the purchaser 21 is acting in good faith and endeavoring to remove the materials. The 22 extension is contingent upon payment of the fees specified below.

23

(a) The extended time for removal shall not exceed:

(i) Forty years from date of purchase for stone, sand, gravel, fillmaterial, or building stone;

26 (ii) A total of ten years beyond the original termination date for27 all other valuable materials.

(b) An extension fee fixed by the department will be charged based on the estimated loss of income per acre to the state resulting from the granting of the extension plus interest on the unpaid portion of the contract. The board must periodically fix and adopt by rule the interest rate, which shall not be less than six percent per annum.

- 33
- (c) The sale contract shall specify:

34 (i) The applicable rate of interest as fixed at the day of sale and35 the maximum extension payment; and

36 (ii) The method for calculating the unpaid portion of the contract 37 upon which interest is paid. (d) The minimum extension fee is fifty dollars per extension plus
 interest on the unpaid portion of the contract.

3 (e) Moneys received for any extension must be credited to the same 4 fund in the state treasury as was credited the original purchase price 5 of the valuable material sold.

6 (7) The department may, in addition to any other securities, 7 require a performance security to guarantee compliance with all 8 contract requirements. The security is limited to those types listed 9 in subsection (4) of this section. The value of the performance 10 security will, at all times, equal or exceed the value of work 11 performed or to be performed by the purchaser.

12 (8) ((Any time that the department sells timber by contract that 13 includes a performance bond, the department must require the purchaser 14 to present proof of any and all property taxes paid prior to the 15 release of the performance bond. Within thirty days of payment of 16 taxes due by the timber purchaser, the county treasurer must provide 17 certified evidence of property taxes paid, clearly disclosing the sale 18 contract number.

19 (9)) The provisions of this section apply unless otherwise
20 provided by statute.

21 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 6. A new section is added to chapter 84.33 RCW 22 to read as follows:

23 (1) The department shall estimate the number of acres of public 24 forest land that are available for timber harvesting. The department shall provide the estimates for each county and for each taxing 25 26 district within each county by August 30th of each year except that the department may authorize a county, at the county's option, to make its 27 own estimates for public forest land in that county. In estimating the 28 number of acres, the department shall use the best 29 available information to include public land comparable to private land that 30 31 qualifies as forest land for assessment purposes and exclude other public lands. The department is not required to update the estimates 32 unless improved information becomes available. 33 The department of natural resources shall assist the department with these determinations 34 by providing any data and information in the possession of the 35 36 department of natural resources on public forest lands, broken out by 37 county and legal description, including a detailed map of each county

1 showing the location of the described lands. The data and information 2 shall be provided to the department by July 15th of each year. In 3 addition, the department may contract with other parties to provide 4 data or assistance necessary to implement this section.

5 (2) To accommodate the phase-in of the county forest excise tax on 6 the harvest of timber from public lands as provided in RCW 84.33.051, 7 the department shall adjust its actual estimates of the number of acres 8 of public forest land that are available for timber harvesting. The 9 department shall reduce its estimates for the following years by the 10 following amounts:

- 11 (a) For calendar year 2005, 70 percent;
- 12 (b) For calendar year 2006, 62.5 percent;

13 (c) For calendar year 2007, 55 percent;

- 14 (d) For calendar year 2008, 47.5 percent;
- 15 (e) For calendar year 2009, 40 percent;
- 16 (f) For calendar year 2010, 32.5 percent;
- 17 (g) For calendar year 2011, 22.5 percent;
- 18 (h) For calendar year 2012, 15 percent;
- 19 (i) For calendar year 2013, 7.5 percent; and

(j) For calendar year 2014 and thereafter, the department shall not reduce its estimates of the number of acres of public forest land that are available for timber harvesting.

23 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 7. Section 3 of this act applies to taxes 24 levied for collection in 2005 and thereafter.

25 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 8. This act takes effect January 1, 2005. Passed by the House February 17, 2004. Passed by the Senate March 10, 2004. Approved by the Governor March 26, 2004. Filed in Office of Secretary of State March 26, 2004.